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WHAT GARFIELD SAID.

Hon. James R. Garfield, former secretary of the interior, said at Phoenix:

"The Democratic press is trying to make you believe that Mr. Hughes' campaign is one of criticism. They try to impress on the voters that he is offering criticism only. I am going to take up each of their arguments and show that where our candidate has offered criticism, he has also offered a constructive policy to replace that which he condemns."

With this announcement, the speaker plunged into the argument. Taking up first the Democratic statement that the administration has kept the country out of war, he said:

"We are not at war. We are in a state of dishonorable peace. The alternative to this is not war."

When asked why it had sent marines to Vera Cruz, and pulled them out, and why it had dispatched Pershing's column into Mexico, and was now apparently, slowly withdrawing it, the administration has returned no answer, according to Mr. Garfield. If this is not war, what is it?—another question that has failed of reply, and which is now commonly accounted the big mystery of the present administration.

"Mr. Hughes purposes to make the name of American Citizen a proud one to bear in the face of the world!" exclaimed the speaker and there was a generous response.

The murder of Americans on sea and land, the destruction of American owned property, the outrages upon American women, even within the bounds of this nation, the utter disregard of American rights everywhere, are topics that have been largely discussed during the present campaign, but never so clear-

ly and dispassionately as by Mr. Garfield.

His was not the eloquence that inflames an audience to wild cheers, the throwing of hats in the air. Rather, he coolly put up to the voters the exact facts of the case, and then as coolly asked how they were going to act on November 7. He pounded home truth after truth, until there could be no misunderstanding of the stand of Mr. Hughes on international matters.

"The Democrats are asking, 'what would Mr. Hughes have done under like circumstances in Mexico?' And I answer, that as a truly American would, on the first murder of one of his fellow citizens, have occupied the border towns with a sufficient force of soldiers to have patrolled the country until absolutely satisfactory guarantees had been exacted from the Mexican nation."

"The American name is not respected throughout the world, now, for the first time in 140 years. Ever since the nation was founded, Americans have been urged by the government to go abroad and invest, build up the American name and create markets for American trade. But now, the administration has announced an entirely new policy. Mr. Wilson stigmatizes every American abroad as a dishonest man. Asked which of the Americans abroad is the promoter of dishonest deals, he has refused to answer, leading to the inference that all are more or less crooks."

"Too proud to fight. That's a cloak for the coward to hide his fear, for the sordid to conceal the ulterior motive of his acts."

"The vaunter prosperity of democracy—is it the result of Democratic rule? No. It comes from a war in Europe."

On the tariff, Mr. Garfield spoke but a few words, but they were impressive ones. He described the hundreds of thousands of beggars turned loose on the streets of the east when the democratic tariff for revenue (but producing none) put American industries in competition with cheaper European labor. This condition, he said, did not exist out here, but it was poignantly present with the eastern municipalities.

Until it became necessary to respond to the demands of clear thinking northerners, President Wilson regarded his solid south too highly to risk boosting the child labor bill. There was a clean cut, masterful bill passed the house—one that was simple and very effective for the purposes of the anti-child labor people. It was too effective, however, for the southern Democrats, whose sup-

port came chiefly from the tremendous milling and manufacturing interests, employing child labor. But finally, Wilson went before congress and got the bill through the senate—but how sadly changed.

The heart had been cut out of it. Its point was blunted, and in effect, it was merely a one year warning to the employers of child labor to get prepared to fight it.

The passage under pressure of the so-called eight-hour law, Mr. Garfield called the greatest blow against representative government ever struck in the history of this nation.

The speaker then took up the subject of Hughes' record. He told of his work against the Republican and Democratic bosses in New York state, of the stand he took on child labor, workmen's compensation, hours

of labor for all classes of working people, of his cleaning out of the insurance crooks—and just about that time, the crowd was treated to a sample of Democratic humor by a Mrs. Wilson, wife of an ex-representative in congress from this state. Three times she interrupted the speaker to ask about Hughes' record on suffrage, and when his third explanation had failed to suit her, and she persisted in offering comment, the crowd took her in hand and with hisses and hoots, convinced her she was not on the program.

Garfield explained the suffrage question very simply. The women, he said, had gone to Wilson and asked how he stood. In effect, the president replied, "The Democratic party has not expressed itself on suffrage. Therefore, I cannot say what I personally feel."

When approached by the women Candidate Hughes said, "The Republican party has not expressed itself on suffrage, but I personally, feel that women should vote, and I intend to see that they get it, if I can."

Despondency.

When you feel discouraged and despondent do not give up but take a dose of Chamberlain's Tablets and you are almost certain to feel all right within a day or two. Despondency is very often due to indigestion and biliousness, for which these tablets are especially valuable. Obtainable everywhere.—Advertisement.

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Globe, Ariz., is going in for municipal improvement. The City Council has ordered the survey of a site for a gravity water system reservoir, the water system to cost about \$50,000. In addition, plans for a new sewer system, to cost about \$240,000, are under way.

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